



NEW **hi5** BETTING RULES

HI-5 BETTING RULES

1. A HI-5 bet requires the selection of the five (5) betting interests to finish first, second, third, fourth and fifth, in the correct sequence, in a race nominated by the Promoter for the conduct of a HI-5 pool.
2. The HI-5 pool shall be operated with seven (7) or more betting interests declared to start. If due to a late scratch, prior to the horses entered for a HI-5 race taking the track, the number of betting Interests in the HI-5 race is reduced to six (6) or less, the total of all bets in the HI-5 pool will be refunded.
3. The HI-5 pool will be calculated as follows:-
 - A) HI-5 - (NO SINGLE WINNER) - (MORE THAN ONE WINNING TICKET WITH CORRECT HI-5 WINNING COMBINATION). Gross Pool, less Government Tax and Club Fund equals Net Pool. Net Pool to be paid as follows - 80% to pay winners - 20% to the Single Winner Bonus.
 - B) HI-5 - (SINGLE WINNER) - Gross Pool, less Government Tax and Club Fund equals Net Pool. Net Pool to be paid as follows - Once there is a single winning ticket then the entire Net Pool plus the Single Winner Bonus to be paid to the winner.
 - C) HI-5 - (NO WINNERS) - Gross Pool, less Government Tax and Club Fund equals Net Pool. Net Pool to be distributed as follows – If there are no winners then the entire Net pool becomes a Carryover.
4. In there is a dead-heat for first involving:-
 - A) Five or more betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers, selecting the betting interests involved in the dead-heat, irrespective of order, and sub-dividing each part by the value of bets on the combination to which it refers, or if
 - B) Horses representing four betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers, selecting the betting interests involved in the dead-heat, irrespective of order, and the fifth placed betting interest correctly, and sub-dividing each part by the value of bets on the combination to which it refers, or if
 - C) Horses representing three betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers, selecting the betting interests involved in the dead-heat, irrespective of order, along with the fourth and fifth placed betting interests correctly, and sub-dividing each part by the value of the bets on the combination to which it refers, or if
 - D) Horses representing two betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers, selecting the betting interests involved in the dead-heat, irrespective of order, along with the third, fourth and fifth placed betting interests correctly, and sub-dividing each part by the value of the bets on the combination to which it refers.
5. If there is a dead-heat for second involving:-
 - A) Horses representing four or more betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers selecting the winner, together with any of the four betting interests involved in the dead-heat for second, irrespective of order, and sub-dividing each part by the value of bets on the combination to which it refers, or if



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- B) Horses representing three betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers selecting the winner, together with any of the three betting interests involved in the dead-heat for second, irrespective of order, along with the fifth placed betting interest correctly, and sub-dividing each part by the value of the bets on the combination to which it refers, or if
- C) Horses representing two betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers selecting the winner, together with any of the two betting interests involved in the dead-heat for second, irrespective of order, and the fourth and fifth placed betting interests, and sub-dividing each part by the value of the bets on the combination to which it refers.
6. If there is a dead-heat for third involving:-
- A) Horses representing three betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers selecting the winner and the second placed betting interests, together with any of the three betting interests involved in the dead-heat for third, irrespective of order, and sub-dividing each part by the value of the bets on the combination to which it refers, or if
- B) Horses representing two betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers selecting the winner and the second placed betting interests, together with the two betting interests involved in the dead-heat for third, irrespective of order, and the fifth placed betting interest correctly, and sub-dividing each part by the value of the bets on the combination to which it refers.
7. If there is a dead-heat for fourth place involving:-
- A) Horses representing three betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers selecting the winner and the second and third placed betting interests, together with any of the three betting interests involved in the dead-heat for fourth, irrespective of order, and sub-dividing each part by the value of the bets on the combination to which it refers, or if
- B) Horses representing two betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers selecting the winner and the second and third placed betting interests, together with the two betting interests involved in the dead-heat, irrespective of order, and sub-dividing each part by the value of the bets on the combination to which it refers.
8. If there is a dead-heat for fifth place involving:-
- A) Horses representing three or more betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers selecting the winner and the second, third and fourth placed betting interests, together with the three or more betting interests involved in the dead-heat for fifth, irrespective of order, and sub-dividing each part by the value of the bets on the combination to which it refers, or if
- B) Horses representing two betting interests, by dividing the Net Pool equally into as many parts as there are winning combinations on which there are wagers selecting the winner and the second, third and fourth placed betting interests, together with the two betting interests involved in the dead-heat for fifth, irrespective of order, and sub-dividing each part by the value of the bets on the combination to which it refers.
9. Where less than five (5) betting interests finish in a race to which the HI-5 bet relates and there are therefore no winning HI-5 bets in such race, the Net HI-5 Pool shall be divided as set out in 3 (c) above.